## **IN THE SPECIFICATION:**

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 48, line 10 as follows:

--As can be understood from FIG. 24, the process for the image sensor 142 is basically the same as that for forming a liquid crystal panel until formation of TFT. Thus, in the embodiment, as in the case of the first embodiment, a conductive film, an insulating film and a semiconductor film are formed to constitute TFT of the display region and the image sensor in the satestate of the master glass substrate. Primary cutting is performed to cut the master glass substrate into four sub-TFT substrates. Then, the interlayer substrate 156 made of SiO<sub>2</sub> is formed on the sub-TFT substrate to have a thickness of 0.5 to 1.0μm.--

Please amend the paragraph on page 51, line 13 as follows:

--In the case of a liquid crystal panel with a built-in solar battery, a liquid crystal panel with a built-in one-dimensional or two-dimensional tightly fixed image sensor, a liquid crystal panel with a built-in one-dimensional or two-dimensional no-adhesion image sensor, an intelligent panel with a built-in optical communication light sensor or the like, a photoelectric conversion layer is formed on an upper layer portion. Such a liquid crystal panel with a built-in sensor can be efficiently formed by forming a photoelectric conversion layer in a sub-TFT substrate processing process after primary cutting as in the case of the embodiment.

The embodiment can be applied to manufacturing of PC with a built-in two-dimensional image sensor (digital camera) of a non-adhesion type, a portable information equipment having a copying function, which incorporates a line sensor (scanner) or aan adhesive type, or the like.